

Tax Fairness One Pager #1: "The Stelly Plan"

The Stelly Plan, named for Lake Charles State Representative Vic Stelly, was originally approved by the Louisiana legislature and by voters in 2002.

It called for a restructuring of Louisiana's taxes by shifting a portion from sales taxes to income taxes. This progressive tax swap had three parts:

<u>Part I:</u> Exempting food for home consumption, prescription drugs and utilities from state sales taxes. (This part was approved by voters as a constitutional amendment in 2002. This did not affect <u>local</u> taxes on these items)

<u>Part II:</u> Shifting income tax brackets to capture more higher-income earners, affecting individuals making over \$80,000 a year. (This part was approved by the Legislature.)

<u>Part III:</u> Providing that people who itemize deductions could no longer subtract their "federal excess itemized deductions" – that is, deductions over and above their standard deductions — from their Louisiana income tax liability. (Louisiana was one of only a few state's to have that deduction.)

Parts II and III of the Stelly Plan – the parts that <u>increase</u> state revenue – have been dismantled.

In 2008, the legislature voted to repeal "part II," the income tax provisions of the Stelly plan, returning the rates to pre-2003 levels. This cost the state between \$350 million and \$1 billion in revenue every year since the repeal.

The Advocate and the Lafayette Daily Advertiser both opposed the repeal.

At the time Louisiana was experiencing a budget surplus. The Public Affairs Research Council made the following observation, however, "The proposed return to pre-Stelly income tax rates and the state's growing reliance on oil and gas revenues sets the state up for another boom and bust cycle. . .[leaving] state programs vulnerable to drastic budget cuts when prices drop."

"Part III", the change in the <u>state</u> deductibility of federal itemized deductions above the standard federal deduction, was repealed under the Blanco administration. Gov. Edwards wants to restore 57.5% of it.

¹ Public Affairs Research Council, "PAR Says Proposed Tax Cut is Shortsighted Fiscal Policy," May 30th, 2008.